

	Name: ()
Chem!stry	Class:	

Date: / /

Redox Titration

Question 1:

A student determined the percentage of iron in iron wire by titration with 0.020 mol/dm³ potassium manganate(VII), KMnO₄, which is purple.

a)	A piece of iron wire was added to a previously weighed container which was the		
	re-weighed.		
	Mass of container + iron wire = 7.39 g		
	Mass of container	= 5.74 g	
	Calculate the mass of iron wi	re used in the experiment: g	

The iron wire was placed in a conical flask as shown below. Sufficient dilute sulfuric acid was added to react completely with the iron wire. The flask was warmed to convert the iron into iron(II) ions, Fe²⁺. The valve allows the gas to escape, but does not allow air to enter the flask.



- b) i) Why was it necessary to prevent the air from entering the flask?
 - ii) Write the balanced chemical equation for the reaction between the iron and sulfuric acid.
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iii) Describe the qualitative test for the gas that is produced by the reaction between iron and sulfuric acid.



When all of the iron had reacted, the solution was cooled and made up to 250 cm^3 with dilute sulfuric acid. In a graduated flask. This was solution **P**.

A 25.0 cm³ of this solution was pipetted into a conical flask for titration.

Then, 0.020 mol/dm³ potassium manganate(VII) was added from a burette.

Three titrations were done. Parts of the burette with the levels of solution before and after each titration are shown below.



c) Use the diagrams to complete the results table.

Titration Number	First	Second	Third
Final Burette Reading / cm ³			
Initial Burette Reading / cm ³			
Volume of 0.020 mol/dm ³ potassium manganate(VII) used / cm ³			
Best Titration Results (✓)			

Summary:

The volume of **P** used was 25.0 cm³.

d) Calculate how many moles were present in the average volume of 0.020 mol/dm³ KMnO₄.

e) The ionic equation for the reaction between acidified KMnO₄(aq) and FeSO₄(aq) during the titration is given below:

 $MnO_4^-(aq) + 5Fe^{2+}(aq) + 8H^+(aq) \rightarrow Mn^{2+}(aq) + 5Fe^{3+}(aq) + 4H_2O(l)$ Calculate how many moles of Fe²⁺(aq) were present in 25.0 cm³ of solution **P**.

f) Calculate how many moles of $Fe^{2+}(aq)$ were in 250 cm³ of solution **P**.

g) Calculate the mass of iron in 250 cm³ of solution **P**. (A_r Fe = 56.0).

h) Using your answers to a) and g), calculate the percentage of iron in the iron wire.

• Scan the QR code below for the answers to this assignment.



http://www.chemist.sg/redox/redox_titration_ans.pdf